



GRADE 3

Part 1 (Approx. 60-90 minutes)

Students research from two sources; a video and an article and take notes on these sources. They ther

Students research from two sources; a video and an article and take notes on these sources. They then respond to three research questions about the sources.

Part 2 (Approx. 60-90 minutes)

Students compose full length informational essays on how we can help to keep our water clean for the fish. Prewriting, drafting, and revising will be involved.

Scorable Products: Student responses to the constructed response questions and the essay will be scored.

Pre-Task Activity:

Pre-teach what we mean by stormwater by showing students pictures of storm drains or taking students outdoors to see stormwater drains on the school campus.

Teacher Directions:

Students are given the text, research, and any additional information about the essay including note taking tools and an essay organizer.

Part 1 (Approx. 60-90 minutes)

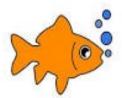
- Initiate the online testing session.
- Alert students when 15 minutes have elapsed.
- Alert students when there are 5 minutes remaining in part 1.

Teacher Note: You may want to show the video two or three times to allow students to add to their notes. Encourage students to share in small groups and then to check their notes as they watch the video one more time. You may also want to preview the text prior to individual reading and note taking.

Part 2 (Approx. 60-90 minutes)

- Initiate the testing part 2
- Allow students to access the sources and their answers to the constructed response questions presented in part 1. They will not be allowed to change their answers.
- Alert the students when 15 minutes remain in the testing session and suggest they begin revising their essays.
- Alert the students when there are 5 minutes remaining in the session.
- Close the testing session.

Teacher Note: Consider breaking the essay writing into two sessions, one for prewriting and drafting and one for revising, editing, and publishing.





Grades 3

1. Explain how stormwater gets polluted. Use information from either the video or the article. Be sure to name your source. (Claim 4, Target 2)

Analyze/Integrate Information Rubric (Claim 4, Target 2)					
2	The response gives sufficient evidence of the ability to locate, select, interpret, and integrate information within and among sources of information.				
1	The response gives limited evidence of the ability to locate, select, interpret, and integrate information within and among sources of information.				
0	A response gets no credit if it provides no evidence of the ability to locate, select, interpret, and integrate information within and among sources of information.				

Scoring Notes:

Article: Stormwater gets polluted by car oil, pet waste, soap, and yard chemicals. When it rains, these things get washed into the rivers, lakes, and ocean.

Video: When it rains, stormwater picks up and carries litter or trash to the storm drains. Stormwater also carries oil, dirt, grass clippings, pet waste, and other bad things into the storm drains.

2-Point Responses:

- Uses information from either the article or the video.
- o Names which source is used.
- Correctly describes how stormwater gets polluted: The rain carries pollutants like pet waste and yard chemicals into storm drains and then into the rivers, lakes, and ocean.

1-Point Responses:

- Uses information from either the article or the video but fails to name the source
- Correctly describes how stormwater gets polluted: The rain carries pollutants like pet waste and yard chemicals into storm drains and then into the rivers, lakes, and ocean.

0-Point Responses:

- Vague: Partially describes how stormwater get polluted: Does not name specific pollutants or say that the pollutants go into the stormwater
- Off Topic



Grade 3 Revised 8/21/20





Sample 2-Point Responses:

Example #1: Did you know that you pollute the water and you do not know it? Here are some ways that you pollute the water. You pollute the water when dirt, grass, gas, oil, animal waste, trash and other things get into the water. I found this in the video.

Example #2: Stormwater gets polluted when you leave your dog's waste on the ground, when you litter and when you leave your grass cuttings in the road because all of this goes down the storm drain. (Source 2- video) Soap, oil, and gasoline also go down the storm drain. (Source 1-article)

Example #3: Stormwater gets polluted when people wash their cars with bad soap and when you leave animal waste on the ground. When you blow your grass clippings into the street. When you litter because the animals could get stuck in the litter. Like they say, only rain down the drain! (The video).

Example #4: Stormwater gets polluted when people do not pick up their animal waste. When people do not pick up animal waste, it goes in the stormwater. When animal waste goes in the stormwater it leads out into the nearest creek, river, pond, lake, bay of ocean. Which means all the fish eat it or breath it. Could you imagine eating fish and other seafood and it has eaten animal waste? Yuck! The fish must swim through all the animal waste. I learned this from the Freddy the Fish movie.

Sample 1-Point Responses:

Example #1: Stormwater gets polluted when it rains, and the rain picks up grass clippings, dirt, and oil. These flow into the storm drains and then into lakes, creeks, and rivers and pollutes the water. (Fails to name a source for the information.)

Example #2: Stormwater gets polluted when you throw trash into the water. And when you do not pick up after your dog. When you wash your cars in the road. When you dump oil in the water. (Fails to name a source for the information.)

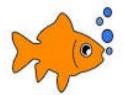
Sample 0-Point Responses:

Example #1: Stormwater gets polluted when dog waste, dirt, gas/oil, lawn clippings and other wastes.
 If you made a mess, you need to clean it up! (Vague: Partially describes how stormwater get polluted: does not say that the pollutants go into the stormwater)



Grade 3 Revised 8/21/20





- 2. Which of the following types of pollution is discussed in the video but not in the article?
 - o Grass Clippings
 - o Oil from cars
 - o Pet Waste
 - o Lawn Chemicals
 - o Litter
 - o Soap from Car Washing (Claim 4, Target 2)

Analyze/Integrate Information Rubric (Claim 4, Target 2)					
2	The response gives sufficient evidence of the ability to locate, select, interpret, and integrate information within and among sources of information.				
1	The response gives limited evidence of the ability to locate, select, interpret, and integrate information within and among sources of information.				
0	A response gets no credit if it provides no evidence of the ability to locate, select, interpret, and integrate information within and among sources of information.				

Scoring Notes:

Correct response is Grass Clippings and Litter, numbers 1 and 5.

2-Point Responses:

o Names both Grass Clippings and Litter by circling the numbers 1 and 5, showing on a chart, or naming the two types of pollution.

1-Point Responses:

- O Names one of the two correct responses
- Does not include any incorrect responses

0-Point Responses:

- Names a mix of incorrect and correct responses
- Only names incorrect responses

Sample 2-point responses:

Example #1: Student created a chart showing which were not in the article but in the video: Grass clippings and litter.

Example #2: Circles number 1 and number 5

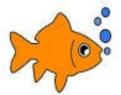
Example #3: Writes out grass clippings and litter.



Grade 3

Revised 8/21/20





Sample 1-point responses:

Example #1: Circles number 1 only (Correct response but only names one of the two correct responses.)

Example #2: Circles number 5 only (Correct response but only names one of the two correct responses.)
Sample 0-point responses:

Example #1: Circles 1,2,3, and 5 (correct mixed with incorrect responses)

Example #2: Circles 2,3,4 (All are incorrect responses)

3. Defend this statement using information from the two sources. Be sure to name your sources. "We can take actions that keep our water clean and our fish healthy." (Claim 4, Target 4)

Use Evidence Rubric (Claim 4, Target 4)					
2	The response gives sufficient evidence of the ability to cite evidence to support opinions and ideas.				
1	The response gives limited evidence of the ability to cite evidence to support opinions and ideas.				
0	A response gets no credit if it provides no evidence of the ability to support opinions and ideas.				

Scoring Notes:

Article: Pick up our pet waste; use safe products for our lawns, vegetable gardens and other plants; Wash our cars at a car wash or on a grassy area

Video: Throw away your trash; pick up after pets; pick up grass clippings and other yard waste and don't leave these in the streets; tell your parents what you have learned: "Only rain down the storm drain"

2-Point Responses:

- Uses information from both the video and the article.
- Names the sources
- Information is accurate and shares specific things we can do like pick up litter to "keep our water clean and our fish healthy."

1-Point Responses:

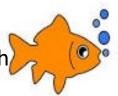
- Uses information from one of the two sources or
- Fails to name the sources used or
- Only shares one thing we can do to keep the water clean and the fish healthy.

0-Point Responses:

- Off Topic
- Names sources but fails to give any actions we can take.
- Vague







Sample 2-point responses:

Example #1: Actions we can take to keep the water clean: In source 1, Freddy the Fish, it said to clean up after your pet-throw away pet waist! and make sure that your cut grass is not left on the ground. In source 2, Let's Stop Stormwater Pollution, it says the same as Freddy the Fish about cleaning up after your pet.

Example #2: First source is the video: Stormwater gets polluted by dog waste. Also, by yucky dirt that has oil in it. Another thing is when people mow their lawn and then sweep the clippings into the street. Second source is the story: Stormwater gets polluted by oil from cars like when they have a leak. By chemicals because the chemicals affect the fish just like soap does because soap has chemicals.

Example #3: We can take actions to keep our water clean and our fish healthy. In the video, one way I saw that I can do this is do not put trash in ponds, lakes, or rivers. "Only rain down the storm drain." In the article, I read that car oil, pet waste in our yards, and chemicals get washed by the rain. So, we need to not put these pollutants into our stormwater. We should pick up pet waste, wash our car in a car wash, and use chemicals that are safe for our environment!

Sample 1-point responses:

Example #1: If everyone cleans up, we can keep the water clean and our fish healthy and full of life. Clean up pet waste, wash your car on the lawn or other grassy area, pick up trash, and make sure only rain goes down the drain! (Fails to name sources.)

Example #2: By not littering. Only rain down the drain. Pick up after your dog. Wash your cars in the grass. (Fails to name sources.)

Example #3 If everyone cleans up and does not let garbage go down the storm drain, the fist will be healthy and happy. So, we all need to help. One of the ways to keep our fish happy and healthy is by keeping grass cuttings and waste from getting into the storm drain. It goes to the river without being cleaned. I learned this from the Freddy the Fish video. (only refers to one of the two sources.)

Sample 0-point responses:

Example #1: We can pick up stuff off the ground and not pollute. (Vague response)

Example #2: First source is Freddy the Fish Teaches about Stormwater. The second source is Let's stop stormwater pollution. The second source supports the sentence because it says some of our actions, we could do to help stop stormwater pollution. (Names the two sources but does not give any specific action we can take to keep our water clean and our fish healthy.)

Example #3: We can take actions that keep our water clean and our fish healthy. In the article, one way I read that I can do this. (Vague response. No specific ways are mentioned.)



Informative / Explanatory Performance Task Writing Rubric (Grades 3-5)



The response is fully sustained and	The response is adequately	Sample 65		
consistently and purposefully focused: • controlling or main idea of a topic clearly communicated, and the focus is strongly maintained for the purpose, audience, and task	focused: controlling or main idea of a topic is clear, and the focus is mostly maintained for the purpose, audience, and task	The response is somewhat sustained and have a minor drift in focus: • controlling or main idea may be somewhat unclear, or the focus may be insufficiently sustained for the purpose, audience, and task		The response has little or no discernable organizational structure: • controlling or main idea may be confusing or ambiguous; response may be too brief or the focus may drift from the purpose, audience, and task
The response has a clear and effective organizational structure creating unity and completeness: • consistent use of a variety of transitional strategies to clarify the relationship between and among ideas • effective introduction and conclusion • logical progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety	The response has an evident organizational structure and a sense of completeness, though there may be minor flaws and some ideas may be loosely connected: • adequate use of transitional strategies with some variety to clarify the relationship between and among ideas • adequate introduction and conclusion • progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas	The response has an inconsistent organizational structure, and flaws are evident: • inconsistent use of transitional strategies and/or little variety • introduction and conclusion, if present, may be weak • uneven progression of ideas from beginning to end; and/or formulaic; inconsistent or unclear connections between and among ideas		The response may be related to the topic but may provide little or no focus: • few or no transitional strategies are evident • introduction and/or conclusion may be missing • frequent extraneous ideas may be evident; ideas may be randomly ordered or have an unclear progression
The response provides thorough and convincing support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the effective use of sources, facts, and details: • comprehensive evidence from sources is integrated; references are relevant and specific • effective use of a variety of elaborative techniques*	The response provides adequate support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the use of sources, facts, and details: • adequate evidence from sources is integrated, some references may be general • adequate use of some elaborative techniques*	The response provides uneven, cursory support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes partial or uneven use of sources, facts, and details: • some evidence from sources may be weakly integrated, imprecise, or repetitive; references may be vague • weak or uneven use of elaborative techniques*; development may consist primarily of source summary		The response provides minimal support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes little or no use of sources, facts, and details: • evidence from the source material is minimal or irrelevant; references may be absent or incorrectly used • minimal, if any, use of elaborative techniques*
The response clearly and effectively expresses ideas, using precise language: • vocabulary is clearly appropriate for the audience and purpose • effective, appropriate style enhances content	The response adequately elaborates ideas, employing a mix of precise and more general language: • vocabulary is generally appropriate for the audience and purpose • generally appropriate style is evident	The response expresses ideas unevenly, using simplistic language: • vocabulary use is uneven or somewhat ineffective for the audience and purpose • inconsistent or weak attempt to create appropriate style		The response is vague, lacks clarity, or is confusing: • vocabulary is limited or ineffective for the audience and purpose • little or no evidence of appropriate style
2	1			0
The response demonstrates an adequate command of conventions: adequate use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage, and spelling	The response demonstrates a partial command of conventions: Imited use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage, and spelling		The response demonstrates little or no command of conventions: infrequent use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage, and spelling	
	clearly communicated, and the focus is strongly maintained for the purpose, audience, and task The response has a clear and effective organizational structure creating unity and completeness: • consistent use of a variety of transitional strategies to clarify the relationship between and among ideas • effective introduction and conclusion • logical progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety The response provides thorough and convincing support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the effective use of sources, facts, and details: • comprehensive evidence from sources is integrated; references are relevant and specific • effective use of a variety of elaborative techniques* The response clearly and effectively expresses ideas, using precise language: • vocabulary is clearly appropriate for the audience and purpose • effective, appropriate style enhances content 2 The response demonstrates an adequate command of conventions: • adequate use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, grammar usage, and	clearly communicated, and the focus is strongly maintained for the purpose, audience, and task The response has a clear and effective organizational structure creating unity and completeness: • consistent use of a variety of transitional strategies to clarify the relationship between and among ideas • effective introduction and conclusion • logical progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety The response provides thorough and convolusion and conclusion • progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety The response provides thorough and convolusion and conclusion • progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety The response provides thorough and convolusion and conclusion • progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some variety to clarify the relationship between and among ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas from support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the use of sources, facts, and details: • adequate use of sources in the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the use of sources in tegrated, some refe	clearly communicated, and the focus is strongly maintained for the purpose, audience, and task The response has a clear and effective organizational structure creating unity and completeness: ' consistent use of a variety of transitional strategies to clarify the relationship between and among ideas conclusion ' oligical progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety The response provides thorough and conducion sumper ideas of sources, facts, and details: ' comprehensive evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the effective use of elaborative techniques* The response clearly and effectively expresses ideas, using precise language: ' vocabulary is clearly appropriate for the audience and purpose ' effective, appropriate style enhances content Z The response demonstrates an adequate command of conventions: ' a dequate use of competeness, though there may be minor flaws and some ideas may be loosely connected: ' a dequate use of or the sundivision of the response provides with some variety to clarify the relationship between and among ideas ' a dequate introduction and conclusion ' progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas The response provides thorough and convincing support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the see of sources, facts, and details: ' comprehensive evidence from sources is integrated, references are relevant and specific ' effective use of a variety of elaborative techniques* The response dearly and effectively expresses ideas, using precise language: ' vocabulary is clearly appropriate for the audience and purpose ' effective, appropriate style enhances content The response demonstrates an adequate command of conventions: ' a dequate use of correct sentence formation, punctuation, grammar usage, and supporting idea(s) that includes the use of sources, facts, and details: * a dequate use of some elaborative techniques*	clearly communicated, and the focus is strongly maintained for the purpose, audience, and task The response has a clear and effective organizational structure reading unity and completeness: • consistent use of a variety of transitional structure; and conclusion or logical progression of ideas from beginning to end; strong connections among ideas with some syntactic variety The response provides thorough and convincing support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the effective use of avariety of elaborative techniques* The response dearly and effectively expresses ideas, using precise language: • vocabulary is clearly appropriate style enhances content The response demonstrates an adequate command of conventions: • adequate use of sources, facts, and details: • adequate introduction and convincing support/evidence for the controlling idea and supporting idea(s) that includes the effective use of sources, facts, and details: • comprehensive evidence from sources is integrated, references are relevant and specific • effective use of a variety of elaborative techniques* The response dearly and effectively expresses ideas, using precise language: • vocabulary is clearly appropriate style enhances content The response demonstrates an adequate command of conventions: • adequate use of sources, facts, and details: • adequate use of sources, facts, and detail

^{*}Elaborative techniques may include the use of personal experiences that support the controlling idea.

Except where otherwise noted, this work developed by <u>Pacific Education Institute</u> (PEI) for the <u>Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction</u>, is available under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License</u>. All logos and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Unintelligible, in a language other than English, off-topic, copied text. (Off-purpose writing will still receive a score in Conventions.)



NS